

2-3 Rules for Addition

Objective: To add real numbers using rules for addition.

Vocabulary

Opposite signs A positive and a negative number are said to have opposite signs.

| Rules for Addition | Examples |
|---|--|
| If two numbers have the <i>same sign</i> , add their absolute values and put their common sign before the result. | $2 + 5 = 7$ $-2 + (-5) = -7$ |
| If two numbers have <i>opposite signs</i> , subtract the lesser absolute value from the greater and put the sign of the number having the greater absolute value before the result. | $6 + (-4) = 6 - 4 = 2$ $(-6) + 4 = -(6 - 4) = -2$ |
| If two numbers are <i>opposites</i> , then their sum is zero. | $3 + (-3) = 0$ |

Example 1 Add $6 + (-8) + 13 + (-9)$.

Solution 1 Add the numbers in order from left to right.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 6 + (-8) + 13 + (-9) \\
 \underline{-2} + 13 + (-9) \\
 \underline{11} + (-9) \\
 \underline{2}
 \end{array}$$

Solution 2 1. Add positive numbers. 2. Add negative numbers. 3. Add the results.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 6 \\
 13 \\
 \hline
 19
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \begin{array}{r}
 -8 \\
 -9 \\
 \hline
 -17
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \begin{array}{r}
 19 \\
 -17 \\
 \hline
 2
 \end{array}$$

Add.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 1. \quad 6 \\
 \quad \underline{2}
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \begin{array}{r}
 2. \quad -4 \\
 \quad \underline{-7}
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \begin{array}{r}
 3. \quad -7 \\
 \quad \underline{6}
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \begin{array}{r}
 4. \quad -3 \\
 \quad \underline{8}
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \begin{array}{r}
 5. \quad 23 \\
 \quad \underline{64}
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \begin{array}{r}
 6. \quad -56 \\
 \quad \underline{31}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 7. \quad -37 \\
 \quad \underline{-56}
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \begin{array}{r}
 8. \quad -35 \\
 \quad \underline{120}
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \begin{array}{r}
 9. \quad 126 \\
 \quad -35 \\
 \quad -37 \\
 \quad \underline{-17}
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \begin{array}{r}
 10. \quad -145 \\
 \quad 309 \\
 \quad -47 \\
 \quad \underline{-82}
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \begin{array}{r}
 11. \quad 136 \\
 \quad -58 \\
 \quad -47 \\
 \quad \underline{-23}
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \begin{array}{r}
 12. \quad -162 \\
 \quad 323 \\
 \quad -47 \\
 \quad \underline{-82}
 \end{array}$$

Add.

$$\begin{array}{l}
 13. \quad (-8 + 5) + 2 \\
 14. \quad (-12 + 15) + 6 \\
 15. \quad (-4 + 8) + (-3) \\
 16. \quad (-2 + 6) + (-4) \\
 17. \quad -5 + (-3) + 5 \\
 18. \quad -4 + (-14) + 4
 \end{array}$$

2-3 Rules for Addition (continued)

Add.

19. $16 + 5 + (-8)$

20. $-6 + (-24) + 6$

21. $(-3 + 3) + 7 + (-11)$

22. $(-3 + 3) + 17 + (-7)$

23. $-2 + (-4) + (-8)$

24. $-7 + (-5) + (-6)$

25. $-3 + (-9) + 7 + (-5)$

26. $-15 + 10 + (-3) + (-2)$

Example 2 Simplify $3 + (-5) + (-x) + 7$.

Solution $3 + (-5) + (-x) + 7 = -x + \underbrace{3 + 7}_{10} + (-5)$ Regroup the terms.
 $= -x + \underbrace{10 + (-5)}_5$ Simplify.
 $= -x + 5$

Simplify.

27. $-2 + x + (-6) + 3$

28. $3 + (-8) + (-y) + (-11)$

29. $-5 + 2a + 3 + (-3)$

30. $-5 + 2a + 8 + 7$

31. $17 + 8b + (-15) + (-10)$

32. $-[6 + (-1)] + (-c) + 2$

33. $-(-7) + 3y + (-6) + 4$

34. $3x + [7 + (-2) + (-3)]$

Example 3 Evaluate $x + y + (-2)$ if $x = -2$, and $y = 5$.

Solution $x + y + (-2) = \underbrace{(-2) + 5}_3 + (-2)$ Substitute -2 for x and 5 for y .
 $= \underbrace{3 + (-2)}_1$ Add from left to right.
 $= 1$ Simplify.

Evaluate each expression if $x = -2$, $y = 5$, and $z = -3$.

35. $y + z + (-2)$

36. $-18 + x + y$

37. $-11 + (-x) + (-y)$

38. $-z + (-7) + y$

39. $1 + (-y) + x$

40. $-x + (-y) + (-15)$

Mixed Review Exercises

Simplify.

1. $3 + 8 \div 2$

2. $7 \cdot 5 \cdot 3 \cdot 2$

3. $(9 - 6 \div 3) \cdot 2$

4. $|-9| - 7$

5. $|-1.6| + 1.6$

6. $|-11| - |-5|$

7. $\frac{9 \cdot 6 + 9 \cdot 4}{6 + 3}$

8. $3\frac{1}{5} + 7\frac{1}{2} + 8\frac{4}{5}$

9. $2.7 + 1.0 + 3.3$

10. $[12 + (-2)] + 5$

11. $(-7 + 2) + (-3)$

12. $-2 + (-8) + 7 + (-1)$